



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

Handwritten signature/initials

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/042,733	10/25/2000	Curtis Priem	18659-15C1	8456

23419 7590 09/08/2003
COOLEY GODWARD, LLP
3000 EL CAMINO REAL
5 PALO ALTO SQUARE
PALO ALTO, CA 94306

EXAMINER

TUNG, KEE M

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
----------	--------------

2676

DATE MAILED: 09/08/2003

Handwritten number 10

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/042,733

Applicant(s)

PRIEM ET AL.

Examiner

Kee M Tung

Art Unit

2676

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 July 2003.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 25-44 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 25-44 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on _____ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
- If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
- a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 8.
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other:

DETAILED ACTION

The amendment filed 7/21/03 has been considered in preparing this Office action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

2. Claim 25 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Fujimoto (5,559,952).

Fujimoto teaches a graphics system (Fig. 1) comprising a CPU (1) having an associated system memory (2), said CPU adapted to issue commands for rendering polygons of a graphical image; a graphics module (10) coupled to said CPU and said associated system memory by a system bus (3), said graphics module comprising a cache (141a) for storing vertex data; a cache controller (141b) configured to receive a command to render a polygon from said CPU, said cache controller (141b) checking said cache (141a) for previously cached vertex data for vertices of said polygon; and said graphics module (10) configured to utilize said vertex data to render pixel data for said polygon. Therefore, at least claim 25 is anticipated by Fujimoto.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claims 26, 27 and 37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fujimoto (5,559,952).

The teachings of Fujimoto are given in previous paragraph of this Office action. Method claim 37 is similar in scope to system claim 25, and additionally requires index values of cache for vertex data of said vertices of said polygon. It is noted that in cache memory system, there is a cache tag memory for providing index or address information for the data stored in the cache memory. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the present invention was made to implement the teachings of well known cache tag information as the claimed index values in order to provide quick access to the cache memory and thus to increase the performance of the graphics system. Therefore, at least claims 27 and 37 would have been obvious.

As per claim 26, Fujimoto fails to explicitly teach a state machine for directing said cache controller to update said cache. It is noted that Fujimoto teaches a cache interface (142) serves as the interface for accessing the cache memory, such as, read or write (or update) to the cache memory. Therefore, claim 26 would have been obvious.

5. Claims 28-29 and 38-44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fujimoto (5,559,952) in view of Wada (5,959,639).

The teachings of Fujimoto are given in previous paragraph of this Office action. Method claim 41 is similar in scope to system claim 25 and method claim 37, and

additionally requires performing a memory transfer operation to transfer required vertex data from system memory to cache. Fujimoto further teaches performing a memory transfer operation to transfer required vertex data from video memory (30) to cache memory (141a). It is noted that in an UMA, there is no local frame buffer memory and portions of the system memory functions as frame buffer memory for storing displaying information. Wada teaches an UMA system (Fig. 1) comprising a CPU (6), a bus bridge unit (2), a graphics controller (9) and a main memory (1). Because there is no local frame buffer, all the graphics data need to be transfer from main memory to video cache (10) via host bus (3). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the present invention was made to combine the teachings of UMA of Wada into the system of Fujimoto in order to more efficiently use of the memory and the portion of the system memory can be dynamically allocated to the graphics controller as need.

Therefore, at least claims 28-29 and 38-44 would have been obvious.

6. Claims 30-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fujimoto (5,559,952) in view of Wada (5,959,639) and Holt et al (5,760,792 hereinafter "Holt").

The teachings of Fujimoto and Wada are given in previous paragraph of this Office action. System claim 30 is similar in scope to system claim 25 and method claims 37 and 41, and additionally requires a DMA engine for transferring vertex data from transfer memory to cache. Holt teaches a graphics processor board (Fig. 2) comprising a DMA (211) for transferring vertex data from main memory to the graphics FIFO (col. 2, lines 56-61). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the

present invention was made to combine the teachings of Holt into the system of Fujimoto and Wada in order to transfer vertex data from main memory to the graphics cache in high speed, such as, capable of burst transfer as taught by Holt (col. 2, lines 56-61). Therefore, at least claims 30-33 and 36 would have been obvious.

7. Claims 34 and 35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fujimoto (5,559,952) in view of Wada (5,959,639) and Holt et al (5,760,792 hereinafter "Holt") as applied to claim 30 above, and further in view of Porterfield (6,069,638).

The teachings of Fujimoto, Wada and Holt are given in previous paragraph of this Office action. However, the combined system fails to explicitly teach said CPU is coupled to said system bus by a graphics bridge and said system memory is connected to said graphics bridge. These are what Porterfield teaches (Fig. 3). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the present invention was made to combine the teachings of Porterfield into the system of Fujimoto, Wada and Holt as claimed in order to add design flexibility to the system. Therefore, at least claims 34 and 35 would have been obvious.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

8. Claims 30-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

The claimed system memory including a transfer memory (claim 30) was not described in the specification at the time the application was filed.

Response to Arguments

9. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 25-44 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

10. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

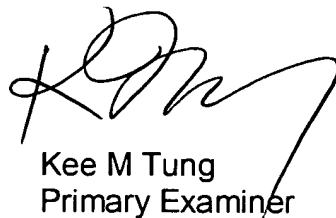
A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kee M Tung whose telephone number is 703-305-9660. The examiner can normally be reached on Tuesday - Friday from 6:00 am - 4:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew Bella can be reached on 703-308-6829. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-306-0377.

kmt



Kee M Tung
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 2676